

CELIAC DISEASE

DIET TIPS & GUIDANCE

Celiac disease is a chronic autoimmune disorder that affects the small intestine and causes gluten intolerance, a protein found in wheat, rye and barley.

HOW TO TELL IF THE PACKAGED FOOD PRODUCT IS GLUTEN-FREE

1. A gluten-free label

If a product claims to be gluten-free on the package, it is most likely safe to eat, as the FDA only allows packaged foods with less than 20 ppm of gluten to be labeled "gluten-free."

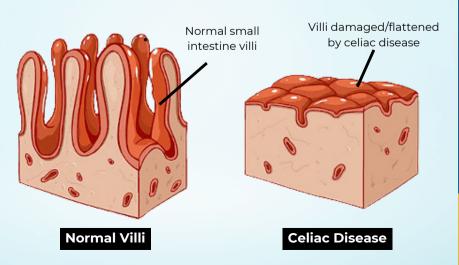
However, you should still check the ingredients list. It is also important to remember that "wheat-free" does not necessarily mean "gluten-free."

2. Check the allergen listing

Some packaging has a list of common allergens found in the product. Such allergens include **wheat, soy, eggs, nuts and milk**. This list can be a quick way to rule out something if the package says "contains wheat." However, a lack of allergen labeling does NOT mean the product is gluten-free.

Barley and rye are not in the top 8 allergens required to be listed. Be sure to check the ingredients list for other hidden sources of gluten.

LINING OF THE SMALL INTESTINE





FOODS TO AVOID



OTHER RESOURCES

Celiac.org

• Find the latest information regarding celiac disease and following a gluten-free diet.

Eat! Gluten

 This free app serves as a guide for glutenfree shopping. You can search for your favorite products and recipes or discover what is new locally and globally on the gluten-free market.

Need more help? GI Associates is here for you.

Schedule your appointment today: 715.847.2558 or giassoc.org